

THE HUTCHINS SCHOOL

Allergy and Anaphylaxis Policy

Relevant legislation	Work Health and §	Safey Act 2012 (Tas)			
	Education and Care Services National Law 2011 Education and Care Services National Law (Application) Act 2011 (Tas) Education and Care Services National Regulations (Cth)				
	Privacy Act 1988 (Cth) Pepe 09.48 2 re8.518 2 d6.96 -0 6.96 126/ 47562/ Ltft/farts 13/6/200/ 478-e12ch2od/ 478-e12				
Commencement date		taken to provide a safe environment for students with allergies or anaphylaxis. Risk reduction strategies pro			
	16 April 2014	in this policy are based on current research and guidelines established by peak bodies.			
Last review date	1 February 2021				

2. Scope

This policy applies to the School and all of its associated programs and services.

3. Objectives

The objective of this policy is to:

- support, as far as possible and practical, a school environment in which students at risk of anaphylaxis are able to participate equally in all activities;
- improve knowledge and raise awareness about anaphylaxis winth isset si 42 (情) 8.2nd developping trisset ents and carers of childre minimisation strategies for their child; and
- enable students with allergies and/or anaphylaxis to grow through acquiring knowledge, and to take responsibility for the management of their condition (in an age and developmentally appropriate way).

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ns.tas.edu.au/sites/staff/Policies	Next review date: 30 October 2023		The state of the s
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4. Definitions

Allergy	An allergy is an abnormal immune response to a usually harmless substance. ¹
Anaphylaxis	Anaphylaxis is the most severe form of allergic reaction and is potentially life threatening. Anaphylaxis occurs after exposure to an allergen (usually to foods, insect stings, or medicines) to which a person is already extremely sensitive. It results in potentially life threatening symptoms which may include: - difficulty/noisy breathing - difficulty talking and/or hoarse voice - loss of consciousness and/or collapse - swelling/tightness in throat - pale skin and loss of motor control (i.e. 'floppiness') in young children'
EpiPen	An EpiPen is a single use automatic injecting device that delivers a measured dose of adrenaline. There are two types of EpiPen: EpiPen Jnr – for children w1 Td()Ta0 Td()Tjn384 .281 1 g68.04 4 0 Td[os)-11.5 (s)3.5 (of)5.3

6. Supporting/related documents

First Aid Procedure

Children's Services Medical Conditions Policy

Children's Services Medication Administration Policy

Medication Administration Form

7. Record keeping